

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname

Other names

Pearson Edexcel
International GCSE

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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Monday 7 January 2019

Morning (Time: 2 hours)

Paper Reference **4MA0/3H**

Mathematics A

Paper 3H
Higher Tier



You must have:

Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser, calculator. Tracing paper may be used.

Total Marks

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Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Without sufficient working, correct answers may be awarded no marks.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- **Calculators may be used.**
- You must **NOT** write anything on the formulae page.
Anything you write on the formulae page will gain **NO** credit.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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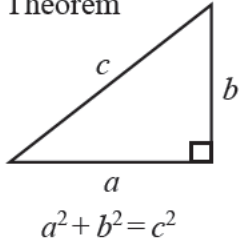


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Pearson

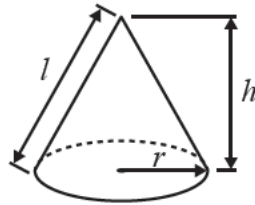
**International GCSE MATHEMATICS
FORMULAE SHEET – HIGHER TIER**

Pythagoras' Theorem



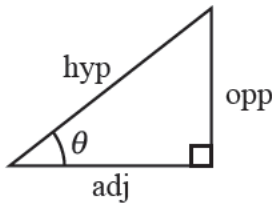
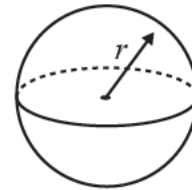
Volume of cone = $\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$

Curved surface area of cone = $\pi r l$



Volume of sphere = $\frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$

Surface area of sphere = $4 \pi r^2$



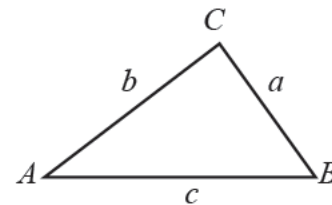
adj = hyp \times cos θ
opp = hyp \times sin θ
opp = adj \times tan θ

or $\sin \theta = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}}$

$\cos \theta = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}}$

$\tan \theta = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{adj}}$

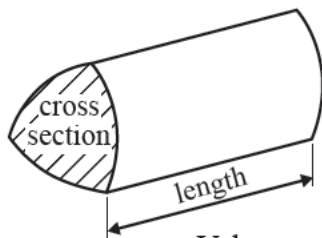
In any triangle ABC



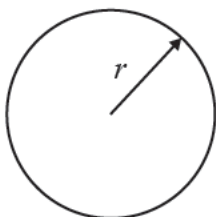
Sine rule: $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

Cosine rule: $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$

Area of triangle = $\frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$



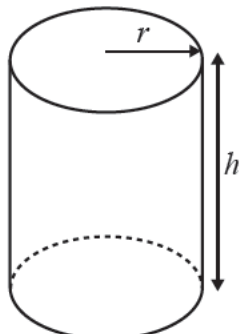
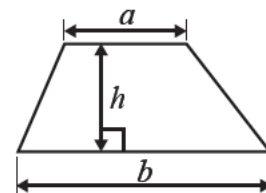
Volume of prism = area of cross section \times length



Circumference of circle = $2 \pi r$

Area of circle = πr^2

Area of a trapezium = $\frac{1}{2}(a + b)h$



Volume of cylinder = $\pi r^2 h$

Curved surface area of cylinder = $2 \pi r h$

The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$, where $a \neq 0$, are given by

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$



Answer ALL TWENTY FOUR questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all the stages in your working.

- 1 Jerry drove 315 kilometres from London to Leeds.
His average speed was 75 km/h.

Work out how long it took Jerry to drive from London to Leeds.
Give your answer in hours and minutes.

hours minutes

(Total for Question 1 is 3 marks)

- 2 Point A has coordinates $(4, -1)$
Point B has coordinates $(9, 7)$

Work out the coordinates of the midpoint of the line AB .

(,)

(Total for Question 2 is 2 marks)



- 3 $\mathcal{E} = \{\text{whole numbers from 3 to 18}\}$
 $A = \{3, 6, 9, 18\}$
 $B = \{3, 6, 9, 12, 15\}$
 $C = \{6, 12, 18\}$

(a) List the members of the set

(i) $A \cap B$

(ii) $A \cup C$

(2)

Sasha writes down

$$12 \notin A$$

(b) Is Sasha correct?

Give a reason for your answer.

(1)

(Total for Question 3 is 3 marks)

4 A circle has diameter 18 cm.

Work out the circumference of the circle.

Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

cm

(Total for Question 4 is 2 marks)



5 Josh has 40 counters in a bag.

In the bag, there are

- 18 red counters
- 13 blue counters
- 9 yellow counters

Josh puts some more **red** counters into the bag.

Josh is now going to take at random a counter from the bag.

The probability that he will take a red counter is $\frac{1}{2}$

Work out the probability that he will take a yellow counter.

(Total for Question 5 is 3 marks)



6 (a) Factorise $y^2 + y$

(1)

(b) Solve $3(m + 7) = 12 - 5m$
Show clear algebraic working.

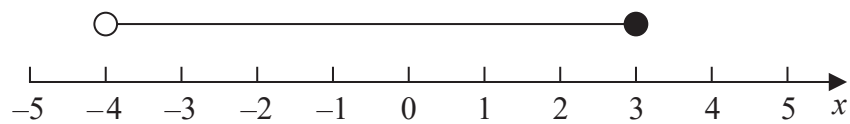
$m =$

(3)

(c) Expand and simplify $(g - 7)(g + 2)$

(2)

(d) Write down the inequality shown on this number line.



(2)

(Total for Question 6 is 8 marks)



- 7 There are 96 cards on a table.
Each card is either red or black.

The ratio of the number of red cards to the number of black cards is 5:7

There is a circle on 35% of the red cards.

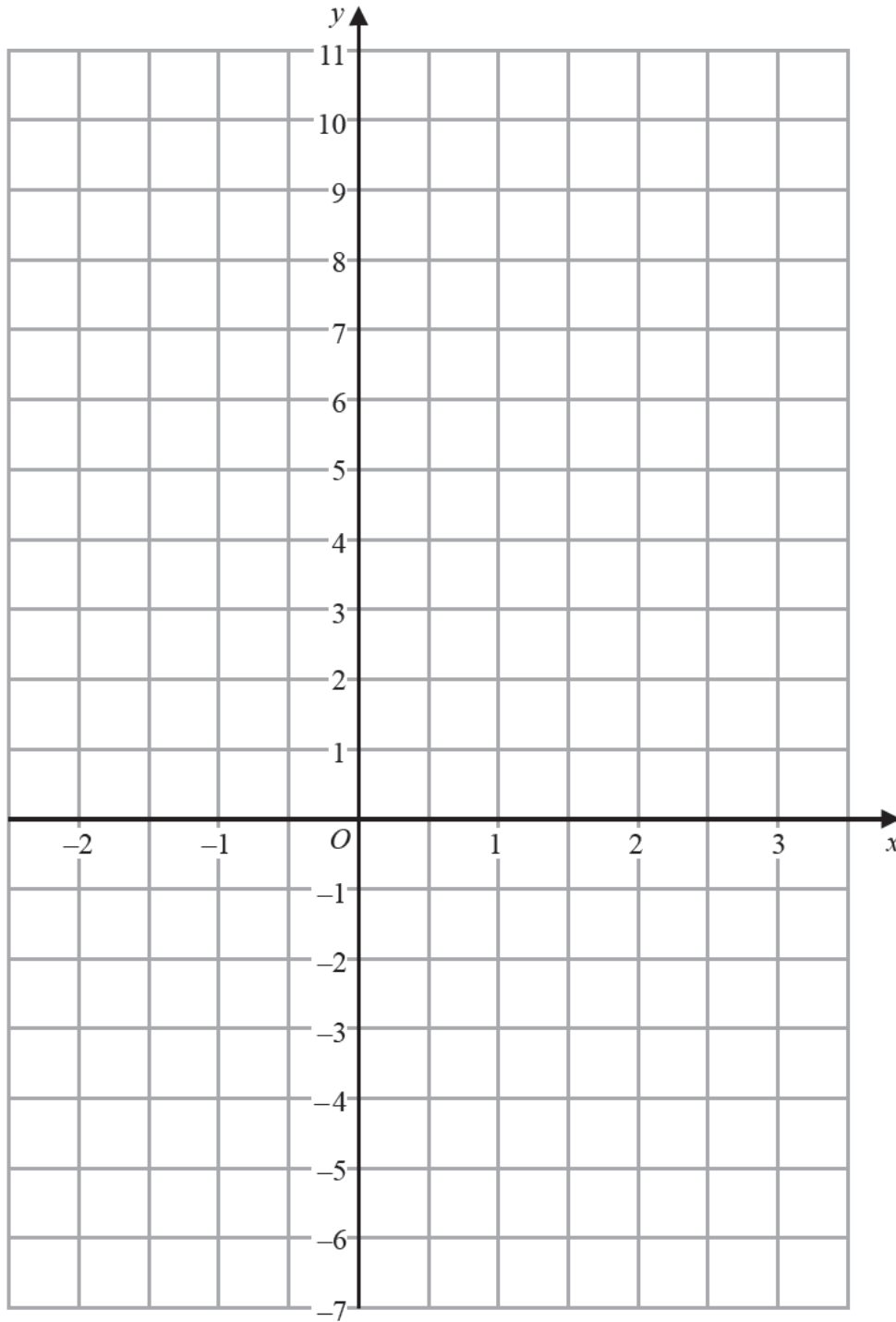
There is a circle on $\frac{3}{14}$ of the black cards.

On how many of the 96 cards is there a circle?

(Total for Question 7 is 5 marks)



8 On the grid, draw the graph of $y + 3x = 4$ for values of x from -2 to 3



(Total for Question 8 is 3 marks)

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9

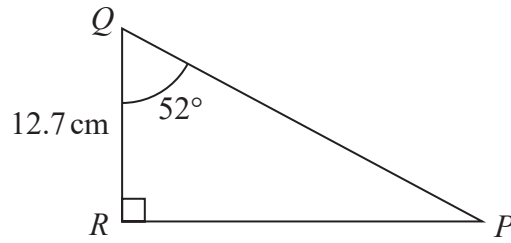


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

Work out the length of RP .
Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

cm

(Total for Question 9 is 3 marks)

10 Emily made 6 cakes.
It cost her a total of £7.60 to make the cakes.

Emily sold 2 of the cakes for £3.50 each.
She sold the other 4 cakes for £4.25 each.

Work out Emily's percentage profit.
Give your percentage correct to the nearest whole number.

%

(Total for Question 10 is 4 marks)



11 Here is a solid prism.

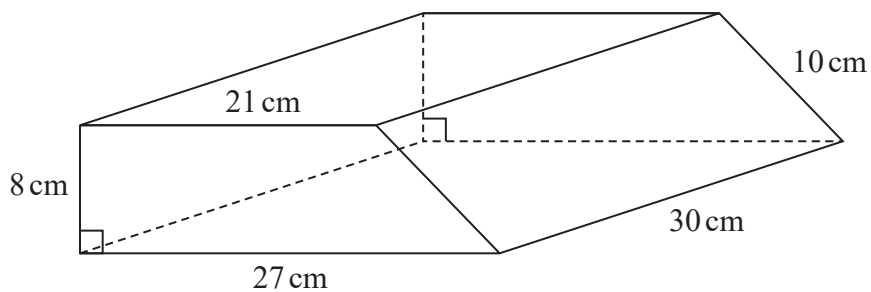


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

The cross section of the prism is a trapezium.

Work out the total surface area of the prism.

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cm²

(Total for Question 11 is 3 marks)



- 12 There are 40 children at a kindergarten.
24 of the children are boys and 16 of the children are girls.

The boys have a mean height of 113 cm.
The girls have a mean height of 110 cm.

Calculate the mean height of all 40 children at the kindergarten.

cm

(Total for Question 12 is 3 marks)

- 13 Remi invests 18 000 dirham in a savings account for 3 years.
He gets 1.2% per year compound interest.

How much money will Remi have in his savings account at the end of the 3 years?
Give your answer to the nearest dirham.

dirham

(Total for Question 13 is 3 marks)



- 14 The grouped frequency table gives information about the distances that 120 people travel to get to work.

Distance (d km)	Frequency
$0 < d \leq 5$	8
$5 < d \leq 10$	20
$10 < d \leq 15$	27
$15 < d \leq 20$	29
$20 < d \leq 25$	18
$25 < d \leq 30$	11
$30 < d \leq 35$	7

- (a) Complete the cumulative frequency table.

Distance (d km)	Cumulative frequency
$0 < d \leq 5$	
$0 < d \leq 10$	
$0 < d \leq 15$	
$0 < d \leq 20$	
$0 < d \leq 25$	
$0 < d \leq 30$	
$0 < d \leq 35$	

(1)

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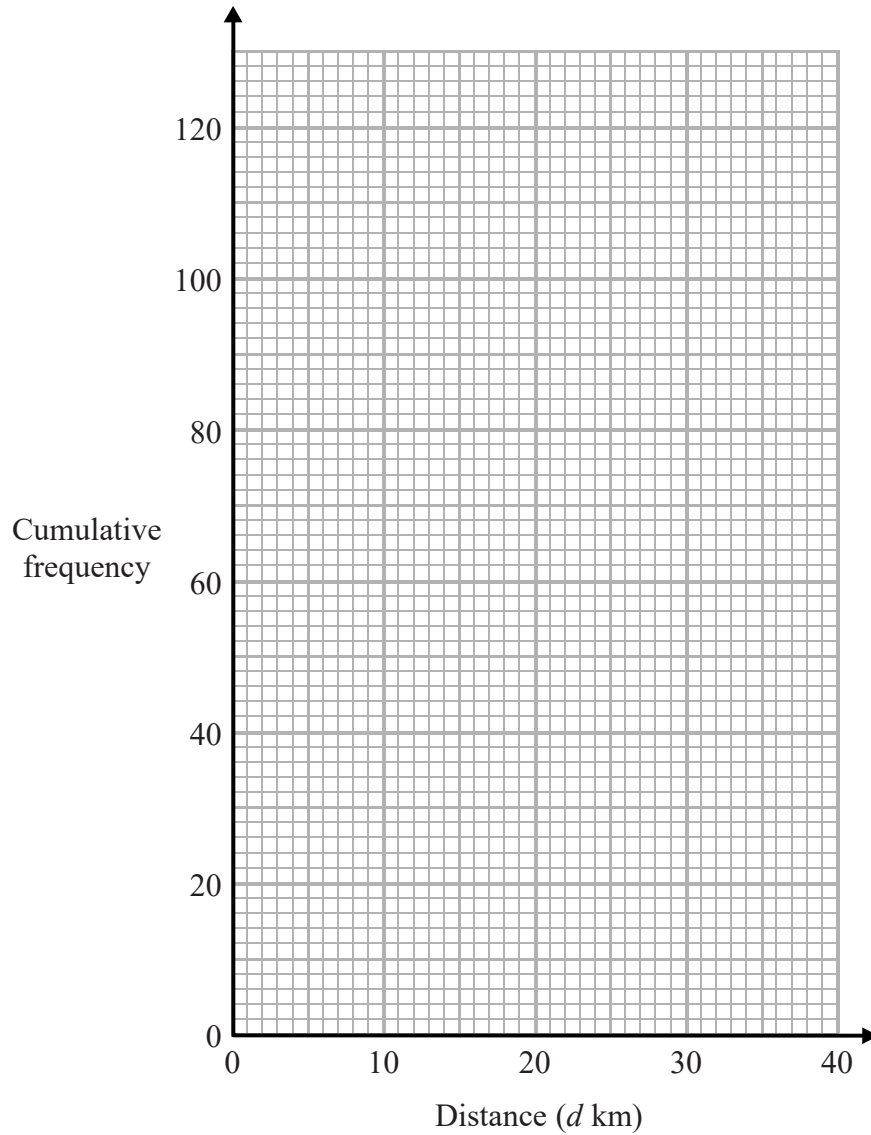
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(b) On the grid, draw a cumulative frequency graph for your table.



(2)

(c) Use your graph to find an estimate for the interquartile range of the distances travelled.

km

(2)

(Total for Question 14 is 5 marks)



15 (a) Simplify $g^8 \div g^2$

(1)

(b) Simplify $6e^2m^7 \times 3em^4$

(2)

(c) Simplify $(64a^6c^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

(2)

(d) Factorise $x^2 - 1$

(1)

(e) Make k the subject of $f = \sqrt{\frac{1-2k}{3}}$

(3)

(Total for Question 15 is 9 marks)

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16 The diagram shows triangle PQR .

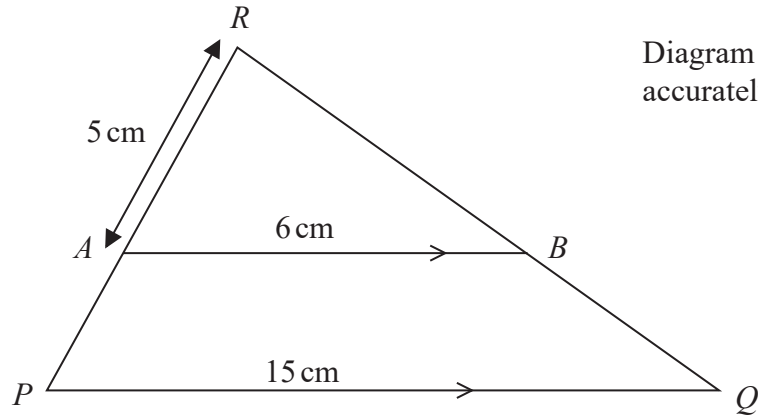


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

A is a point on PR and B is a point on QR so that AB is parallel to PQ .

- $AR = 5$ cm
- $AB = 6$ cm
- $PQ = 15$ cm

(a) Work out the length of AP .

cm

(3)

Given that the area of triangle PQR is 88 cm²

(b) work out the area of triangle ARB .

cm²

(2)

(Total for Question 16 is 5 marks)



17 Use algebra to show that the recurring decimal $0.0\dot{2}\dot{4} = \frac{4}{165}$

(Total for Question 17 is 2 marks)

18 $\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$ $\mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ $\mathbf{c} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$

(a) Write $2\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{c}$ as a column vector.

(2)

Cho says that the vector $\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b}$ is parallel to the vector \mathbf{c}

(b) Is Cho correct?

Give a reason for your answer.

(2)

(Total for Question 18 is 4 marks)



19 (a) Express $\frac{1}{2x+1} - \frac{3}{x+5}$ as a single fraction.

Give your answer as simply as possible.

(3)

(b) Solve the inequality $6(x-1)^2 > 24$
Show clear algebraic working.

(4)

(Total for Question 19 is 7 marks)



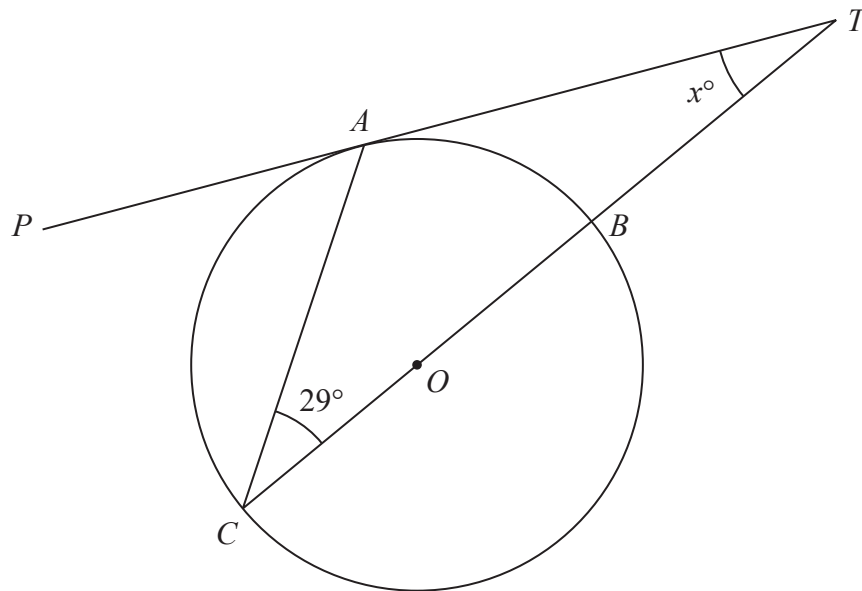


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

A , B and C are points on a circle, centre O .
 TAP is a tangent to the circle.
 $TBOC$ is a straight line.

Angle $ACT = 29^\circ$

Work out the value of x .
 Give a reason for each stage in your working.

$x =$

(Total for Question 20 is 4 marks)

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21 The functions f and g are such that

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x + 3$$

$$g(x) = \frac{14}{2x - 3}$$

(a) Work out $f(3)$

(1)

(b) State the value of x that cannot be included in any domain of g .

(1)

(c) Solve $f^{-1}(x) = gf(x)$
Show clear algebraic working.

(6)

(Total for Question 21 is 8 marks)



22 The diagram shows a parallelogram $LMNP$.

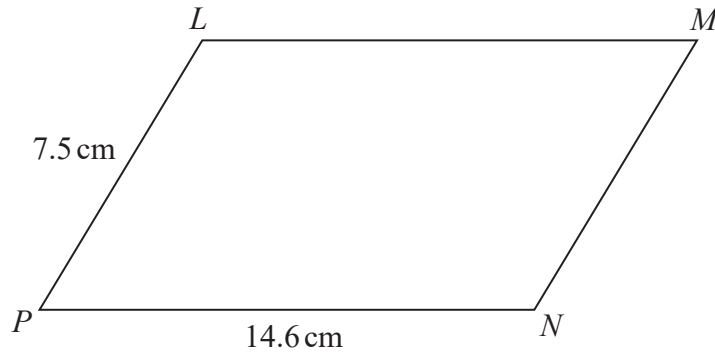


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

$$LN = 13.3 \text{ cm}$$

Calculate the area of the parallelogram.
Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

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cm^2

(Total for Question 22 is 4 marks)



23 $M = \frac{b - c}{a}$

$a = 5.3$ correct to 1 decimal place.

$b = 346.6$ correct to 1 decimal place.

$c = 80.0$ correct to 1 decimal place.

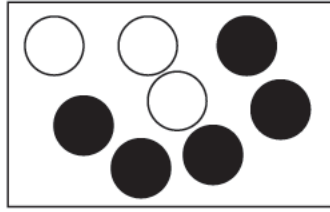
Calculate the upper bound for the value of M .

Show your working clearly.

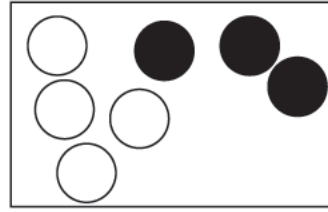
(Total for Question 23 is 3 marks)



- 24 There are only 3 white and 5 black counters in box X.
There are only 4 white and 3 black counters in box Y.



box X



box Y

Michael takes at random 2 counters from box X and puts both counters into box Y.
He then takes at random 1 counter from box Y and puts this counter into box X.

Work out the probability that there is now an equal number of white counters and black counters in box Y.

(Total for Question 24 is 4 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 100 MARKS



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