

Write your name here

Surname

Other names

**Pearson Edexcel  
International GCSE**

Centre Number

Candidate Number

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# Further Pure Mathematics

## Paper 2

Monday 23 January 2017 – Morning  
**Time: 2 hours**

Paper Reference  
**4PM0/02**

**Calculators may be used.**

Total Marks

### Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Without sufficient working, correct answers may be awarded no marks.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
  - there may be more space than you need.

### Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
  - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

### Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶



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**Answer all TEN questions.**

**Write your answers in the spaces provided.**

**You must write down all the stages in your working.**

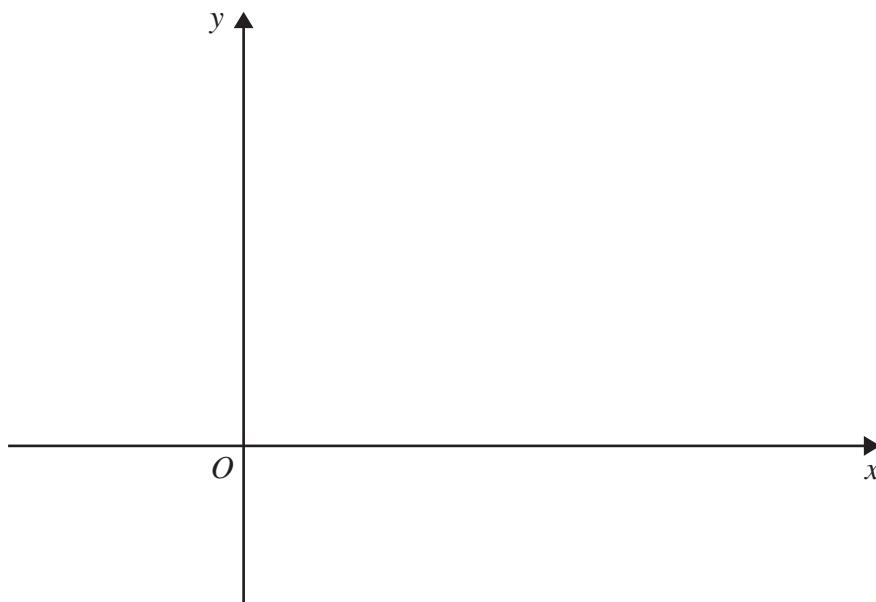
- 1** (a) On the axes below, sketch the lines with equations  $x = 3$ ,  $y = x + 1$  and  $2y + x = 5$   
On your sketch, mark the coordinates of any points where the lines cross the axes.

(3)

- (b) Show, by shading on your sketch, the region  $R$  defined by the inequalities

$$x \leqslant 3, \quad y \leqslant x + 1 \quad \text{and} \quad 2y + x \geqslant 5$$

(1)



**Question 1 continued**

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(Total for Question 1 is 4 marks)



- 2 (a) Show that the equation  $6\cos^2\alpha - \sin\alpha = 5$  can be written as

$$6\sin^2\alpha + \sin\alpha - 1 = 0$$

(2)

- (b) Solve, to 1 decimal place where appropriate, for  $0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 90^\circ$

$$6\cos^2(2\theta + 40)^\circ - \sin(2\theta + 40)^\circ = 5$$

(5)

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**Question 2 continued**

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(Total for Question 2 is 7 marks)



- 3 The radius of a circular pool of oil is increasing at a constant rate of 0.5 cm/s.

Find, in  $\text{cm}^2/\text{s}$  to 3 significant figures, the rate at which the area of the pool is increasing when the radius of the pool is 200 cm.

(5)

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**Question 3 continued**

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(Total for Question 3 is 5 marks)



4

$$\tan(A + B) = \frac{\tan A + \tan B}{1 - \tan A \tan B}$$

(a) (i) Write down an expression for  $\tan(2x)$  in terms of  $\tan x$

(ii) Hence show that  $\tan(3x) = \frac{3\tan x - \tan^3 x}{1 - 3\tan^2 x}$  (6)

Given that  $\alpha$  is the acute angle such that  $\cos \alpha = \frac{1}{3}$

(b) find the exact value of  $\tan \alpha$

(2)

(c) Hence use the identity in part (a) to find the exact value of  $\tan(3\alpha)$

Give your answer in the form  $\frac{a\sqrt{2}}{b}$  where  $a$  and  $b$  are integers.

(2)



**Question 4 continued**

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### **Question 4 continued**

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**Question 4 continued**

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(Total for Question 4 is 10 marks)



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5 Given that  $y = 3x\sqrt{2x - 1}$        $x > \frac{1}{2}$

(a) show that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3(3x - 1)}{\sqrt{2x - 1}}$       (5)

The straight line  $l$  is the normal to the curve with equation  $y = 3x\sqrt{2x - 1}$  at the point on the curve where  $x = 1$

(b) Find an equation, with integer coefficients, for  $l$ .

(6)

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**Question 5 continued**

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## **Question 5 continued**

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**Question 5 continued**

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(Total for Question 5 is 11 marks)



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- 6 The sum of the first 21 terms of an arithmetic series is 987 and the 8th term of the series is 35

The first term of the series is  $a$  and the common difference is  $d$ .

(a) Find the value of

(i)  $a$ ,

(ii)  $d$ .

(5)

The sum,  $S_n$ , of the first  $n$  terms of the series is given by  $S_n = \sum_{r=1}^n (Ar + B)$ , where  $A$  and  $B$  are integers.

(b) Find the value of

(i)  $A$ ,

(ii)  $B$ .

(3)

(c) Find the least value of  $n$  such that  $S_n > 2000$

(5)



**Question 6 continued**

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## **Question 6 continued**

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**Question 6 continued**

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(Total for Question 6 is 13 marks)



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7 (a) Given that  $k$  is a constant such that  $\frac{27^{(x+2)} - 3^{(3x+5)}}{3^x \times 9^{(x+2)}} = k$

find the value of  $k$ .

(5)

(b) Find the exact roots of the equation  $2\log_2 y + 3\log_y 2 = 7$

(6)

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**Question 7 continued**

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### **Question 7 continued**

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**Question 7 continued**

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(Total for Question 7 is 11 marks)



- 8 [In this question,  $\mathbf{p}$  and  $\mathbf{q}$  are non-zero and non-parallel vectors.]

$O, A, B$  and  $C$  are fixed points such that

$$\overrightarrow{OA} = 5\mathbf{p} - 3\mathbf{q} \quad \overrightarrow{OB} = 11\mathbf{p} \quad \overrightarrow{OC} = 13\mathbf{p} + \mathbf{q}$$

(a) (i) Show that the points  $A, B$  and  $C$  are collinear.

(ii) Write down the ratio  $AB:BC$ .

(4)

The midpoint of  $OA$  is  $M$  and the midpoint of  $OB$  is  $N$ .

(b) Show that the ratio of the area of the quadrilateral  $ABNM$  to the area of the triangle  $OAC$  is  $9:16$

(7)

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**Question 8 continued**

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### **Question 8 continued**

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**Question 8 continued**

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(Total for Question 8 is 11 marks)



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9 The points  $P$  and  $Q$  have coordinates  $(-2, 5)$  and  $(2, -3)$  respectively.

(a) Find an equation for the line  $PQ$ .

(2)

The point  $N$  is such that  $PNQ$  is a straight line and  $PN:NQ = 3:1$

The straight line  $l$  passes through  $N$  and is perpendicular to  $PQ$ .

(b) Find

(i) the coordinates of  $N$ ,

(ii) an equation for  $l$ .

(5)

The points  $S$  and  $T$  lie on  $l$  and have coordinates  $(3, s)$  and  $(t, -2)$  respectively.

(c) Find

(i) the value of  $s$ ,

(ii) the value of  $t$ .

(2)

(d) Find the area of the quadrilateral  $PSQT$ .

(4)



**Question 9 continued**

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**Question 9 continued**

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**Question 9 continued**

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(Total for Question 9 is 13 marks)



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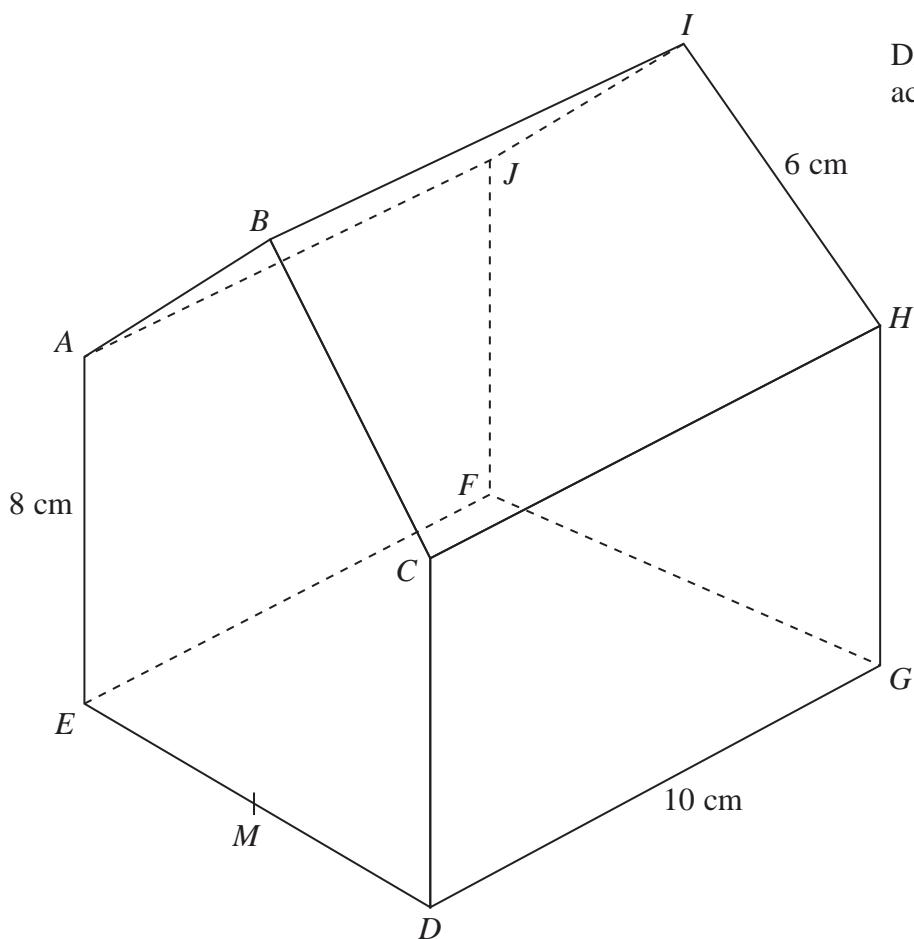


Diagram NOT  
accurately drawn

**Figure 1**

Figure 1 shows a right prism \$ABCDEFGHIJ\$. The base, \$DEFG\$, is horizontal and is a rectangle with \$DG = EF = 10\text{ cm}\$. The midpoint of \$ED\$ is \$M\$.

The planes \$ABCDE\$ and \$JIHGF\$ are vertical.

$$AE = CD = GH = FJ = 8\text{ cm}$$

$$AB = BC = HI = IJ = 6\text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Angle } BAC = 30^\circ$$

- (a) Show that the length of \$MD\$ is \$3\sqrt{3}\text{ cm}\$. (2)
- (b) Show that the length of \$BM\$, the height of the prism, is \$11\text{ cm}\$. (2)
- (c) Find, in cm to 3 significant figures, the length \$BG\$. (3)
- Find, in degrees to 1 decimal place
- (d) the size of the angle between the planes \$BCHI\$ and \$CHFE\$, (3)
- (e) the size of the angle between the planes \$ABIJ\$ and \$BEFI\$. (5)

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**Question 10 continued**

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**(Total for Question 10 is 15 marks)**

**TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 100 MARKS**

